Ancient Greece Mini Quiz Pack

Table of Contents

Which Is Correct?	4
Greek Vocabulary	6
Timeline of Ancient Greece	7
Spotting Falsehood	9
In Other News	10
Famous People Decoding	11
Word Hunt	13
Answer Key	14

Greek Vocabulary

Match the term with the definition as it pertains to ancient Greece.

1. oligarchy	a.	A battle formation of armed foot soldiers, normally eight rows deep
2. lyre	b.	A town, city, or village and its surrounding farmland and other territory
3. rhetoric	c.	A form of government in ancient Greece where all citizens had the right to vote, hold public office, and serve on a jury
4. phalanx	d.	A fortified hill inside a city-state, used for defense
5. Delian League	e.	Small musical instrument, similar to a harp
6. city-state	f.	A marketplace and meeting place in an open area in a city-state
7. gerousia	g.	A group of city-states, mainly from Asia Minor and the islands in the Aegean Sea, who were allied with Athens after the Persian wars
8. acropolis	h.	Form of government where a few powerful people rule
9. agora	i.	The governing council in Sparta was made up of 28 elders and two kings
10. democracy	j.	Public speaking
	1 1	

Spotting Falsehood

Write True of False on the line before each statement. If the statement is false, see if you can correct it.

- _____1. The four major city-states in ancient Greece were Athens, Sparta, Corinth, and Thebes.
- _____2. The generals in Athens were elected by the voting citizens of the city-states.
- 3. The main reason for Greek expansion and trade was to show its power.
- _____4. Women in Greece spun thread and wove cloth only in the poorer families.
- 5. Most girls in ancient Greece married in their twenties.
- _____6. In Athens, there were separate schools for basic studies, music, and physical education.
- _____7. In Sparta, the focus was on military training; both boys and girls took part in physical competition.
- _____8. Plato, a well-known Greek philosopher, began a school of higher education called the Academy.
- _____9. Most of the poor families in Greece lived in three- or four-room houses with dirt floors.
- 10. Some of the major exports of ancient Greece were olive oil, wine, and grain.
- _____11. Road travel was the main way of transporting goods and communicating in ancient Greece.
- 12. Both Athens and Sparta had a standing army.
- 13. Sparta led an alliance of city-states called the Peloponnesian League.
 - 14. Alexander the Great conquered the whole Persian Empire in less than ten years.
- _____15. The Hellenistic Age ended when Rome conquered Greece in approximately 146 B.C.

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n	5	g	а	f	b	S	

8.

A5-D2 A4-D3 A5-D4 A3-D1 A4-D4 A2-D2 A4-D3 A5-D5

_____ ____

- 11. _____ ___ ___ ___ ___ ___ A3-D4 A3-D3 A5-D3 A4-D3 A5-D4

- 15.

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