

Colonies

The colonies, as it relates to the American Revolution, were the different areas in the New World that belonged to Britain (now the United Kingdom). Many people came to the colonies for religious freedom. Others came for economic reasons. Life was hard in the colonies, but over time, the settlers prospered. Those who could vote elected their own legislators, but the ultimate control of the government of the colonies was Great Britain. As the colonies expanded, the British and the French both claimed the land between the Appalachian Mountains and the Mississippi River. This became the French and Indian War.

What was the first permanent English settlement in North America (include in your answer where it was located and when it was settled)? _____

When did the French and Indian War start? _____

Who won the French and Indian War? _____

Who was the King of England at the time the Sugar Act was passed?_____

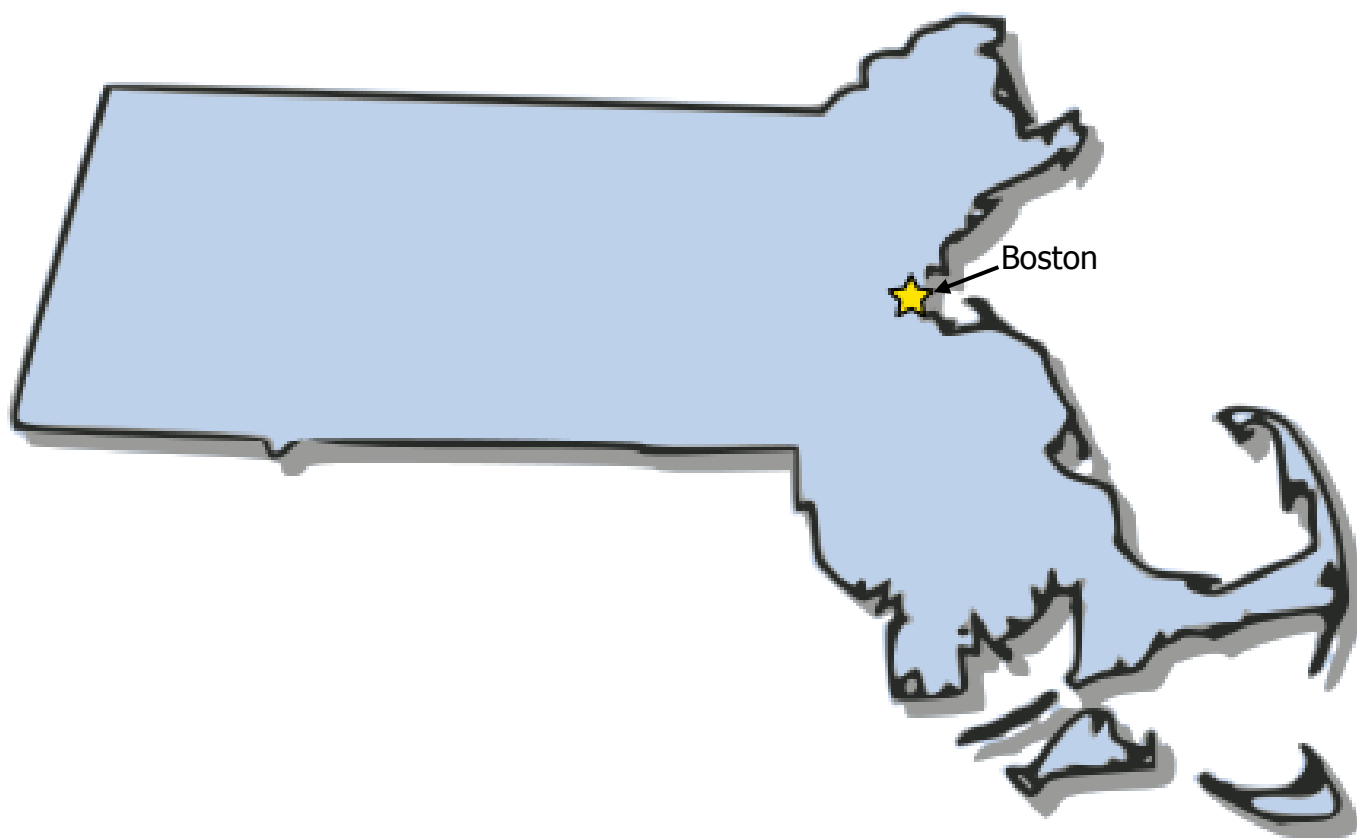
Who was the king's chief Cabinet minister who supported the Sugar Act and helped get it passed in Britain?_____

What did the colonists object to in the act even more than the tax placed on sugar?_____

What change was made to the Sugar Act in 1766?_____

What impact do you think this had on the direction or outcome of the war? _____

Below is a map of the present-day state where the battle took place. Mark the approximate location of the battle.



Battle of Moores Creek Bridge

What was the date of the battle? _____

Name the commander(s) on the Continental side. What was their troop strength? _____

Name the commander(s) on the British side. What was their troop strength? _____

Who won the battle? _____

Was there a decisive factor (such as weather, terrain, sickness, etc.) that contributed to which side won the battle? _____
